

2024

# **Economic Impact of Intimate Partner Violence in Ohio**



This report was commissioned by:



Ohio Domestic Violence Network  
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Published February 2025



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# Executive Summary

Intimate partner violence (IPV) represents a significant and ongoing challenge for the state of Ohio. Approximately 38 percent of Ohio women and 33 percent of Ohio men will experience intimate partner physical violence, intimate partner rape, and/or intimate partner stalking at least once during their lifetimes—with intimate partner violence also being more common in Ohio relative to the U.S. as a whole.

This incidence of IPV also poses significant economic costs—both for the individual victims and their families along with the surrounding communities. To date, however, there has been limited research documenting the full range of these costs at the state level. As such, the purpose of this study is to specifically quantify the economic impact of IPV in the state of Ohio. This includes documenting both the explicit and the hidden costs of IPV. Hidden costs refer to the harm imposed on the general well-being of IPV victims that arise from their not being able to return to their normal lives either temporarily or permanently. The hidden costs of IPV are generally those that are documented least often.

## The key findings of this study are as follows:

- ***The total annual number of IPV victims in Ohio is estimated to be 188,575. This study, in turn, estimates the total annual economic losses associated with this level of IPV to be \$1.2 billion.*** The costs included in this estimate are loss of life and worker productivity, physical and mental health care, loss of property, prosecution and court costs, incarceration costs, negative lifetime impacts to child welfare, and the costs associated with the dollars spent on various IPV programs, shelters, and centers along with associated volunteer hours.
- ***The largest measured economic losses for Ohio are those resulting from physical health care (\$264.8 million, 22.9%), loss of life (\$239.9 million, 20.8%), and loss of worker productivity (\$227.7 million, 19.7%).*** Economic impacts associated with lost worker productivity and loss of life are measured through a loss of labor income to victims due to a temporary or permanent inability to work. As such, these estimates represent a conservative measure of the hidden costs of IPV because they partially capture the extent to which IPV victims are forced to temporarily or permanently adjust their lifestyles.



- ***The largest economic impacts of intimate partner violence in Ohio occur in the major metropolitan regions of the state, including Franklin, Cuyahoga, and Hamilton counties.*** This is primarily due to the fact that these are the regions of the state with the highest populations.
- ***Although this study generally follows the methodology of existing published work on the economic impacts of IPV in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Wisconsin, it captures additional elements not documented in previous research.*** This study specifically estimates the lifetime economic losses associated with decreases in child welfare that result from exposure to IPV. These economic costs include lost future work productivity, increases in future health care costs, and increases in costs associated with additional violent crime.



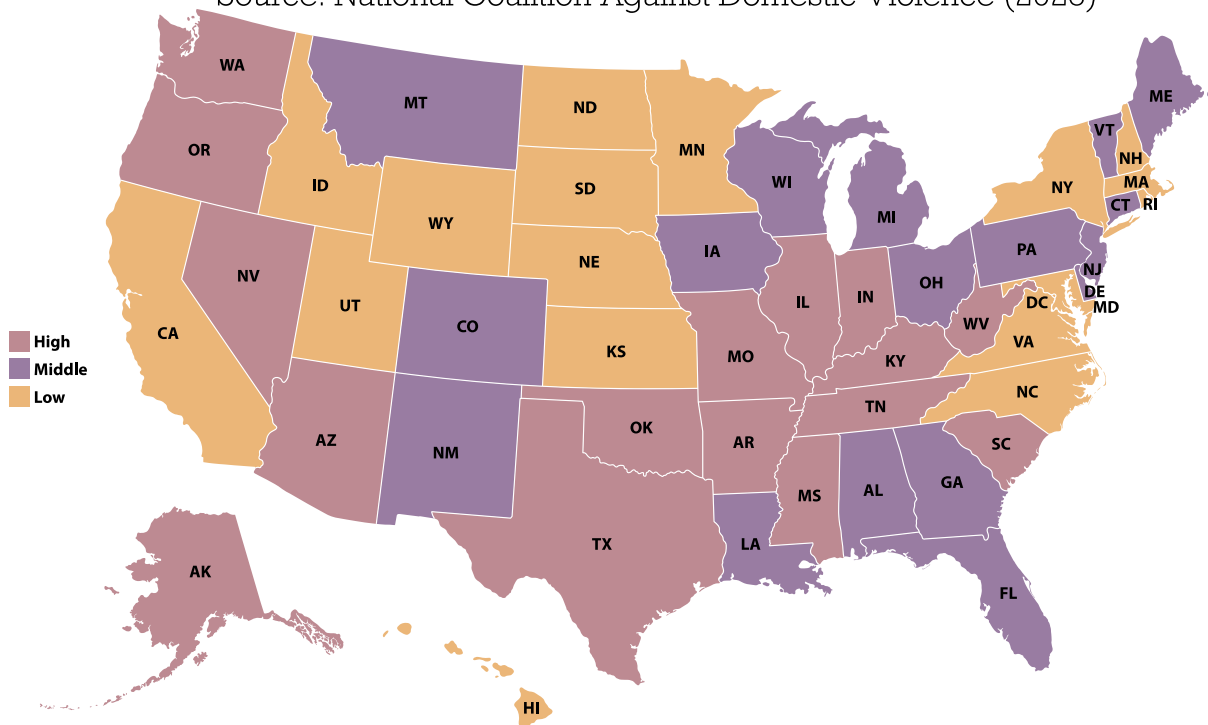
# Section 1: Introduction and Background

The incidence of intimate partner violence (IPV) represents a significant and ongoing challenge facing the United States today. Although violence of any kind is tragic, IPV is somewhat unique in that it involves abusive behavior against someone with which the abuser has (or has previously had) a close relationship. Because of such a relationship, it can often be more challenging for potential victims to recognize the warning signs of imminent IPV—especially when the warning signs may appear to be what they consider to be normal behaviors from the individual with whom they have the relationship. Familiarity with individuals and their behaviors can sometimes mask the danger of those behaviors.

The frequency of IPV varies significantly across the United States, though it is more common in Ohio relative to the national average. In Ohio, it is estimated that there are over 188,000 victims of IPV each year. Furthermore, as shown in Figure 1, the National Coalition Against Domestic Violence estimates that 38.0 percent of Ohio women and 33.0 percent of Ohio men will experience intimate partner physical violence, intimate partner rape, and/or intimate partner stalking at least once during their lifetimes.

**Figure 1—Rate of Intimate Partner Violence in Ohio**

Source: National Coalition Against Domestic Violence (2023)



States Ranked by Pct. of Females Experiencing Domestic Violence at Least Once During Their Lifetimes



The purpose of this study is to complete a detailed analysis documenting the economic impact of domestic violence on Ohio at both the state and county levels. More specifically, this study focuses on quantifying both the direct and indirect costs that domestic violence imposes to individual victims and to the broader community. These costs include loss of life and work productivity, physical and mental health care, loss of property, police and court costs, incarceration costs, child welfare costs, and the costs associated with the dollars spent on various programs, shelters, and centers along with the opportunity costs for volunteer hours. Except where otherwise noted, this study generally follows the methodology of the recently published studies on IPV in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Wisconsin titled *North Carolina in 2018: The Economic Impact of Domestic Violence*;<sup>1</sup> *South Carolina in 2020: The Economic Impact of Domestic Violence*;<sup>2</sup> and *The Economic Impact of Domestic Violence in Milwaukee and Wisconsin, 2021*.<sup>3</sup>

*The National Coalition Against Domestic Violence estimates that 38% of Ohio women and 33% of Ohio men will experience intimate partner physical violence.*



<sup>1</sup> <https://www.jkffc.org/files/8bfe809e-c9fe-4504-b20f-593f24e17b0d--ce835658-2964-42d8-9c6c-cc02c80dc182/2019-09-09-kimble-domestic-violence-cost-report.pdf>

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.jkffc.org/files/8bfe809e-c9fe-4504-b20f-593f24e17b0d--c5cb8b8c-e286-43b0-bd11-0e52a1dcd552/sc-dv-study.pdf>

<sup>3</sup> <https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5d39f654dfc553000198b222/t/6345b7f7fc2276703a2bf19d/1665513464758/Economic+Impact+of+DV+FINAL.+10.11.2022.pdf>







## Section 3: Economic Impact Methodology

As previously noted, there are many costs that IPV imposes—both on the individual victims and on their surrounding communities. Quantifying these direct costs, however, does not generate estimates that are representative of the totality of the economic impacts and losses associated with IPV. These direct costs, in many cases, also lead to a series of economic ripple effects (or multiplier effects). The economic ripple effects are specifically comprised of indirect effects and induced effects and can perhaps be most easily observed when considering the short- and long-run impacts of losses to worker productivity.

The indirect effect represents additional economic losses arising from inter-industry linkages between firms. For example, to the extent that IPV victims are injured and require time away from the workplace, this reduces their total number of productive hours. This loss in worker productivity, in turn, reduces the total level of output that can be generated by employers. When these employers experience a decrease in output, they will subsequently decrease the total volume of purchases made with their vendors. This decrease in vendor demand then leads to a decrease in purchasing activity among the vendors themselves with their own suppliers. This iterative process creates losses that extend to many sectors of the local economy, each of which can be specifically quantified.

The induced effect represents additional economic losses resulting from a reduction in the local spending of household income. For example, if one of the vendors cited above experiences a decrease in demand and reduces worker hours as a result, these workers will have less income to spend in the local economy on, for example, food and housing. Food and housing-related businesses will then see decreases in demand for their goods, and so on.

In order to estimate the total impact (direct, indirect, and induced) from the initial, direct costs associated with IPV, economic input-output models are used. These models are tailored with specific parameters for the state of Ohio and are based on the estimated dynamic relationships of over 500 industry categories. The input-output modeling software IMPLAN is utilized to derive and quantify all economic estimates in this report.



## Section 4: Primary Results

This study estimates that there are approximately 188,575 victims of IPV each year in Ohio, with the total associated annual cost of intimate partner violence estimated to be nearly \$1.2 billion. It is important to note that this cost figure includes both the explicit as well as the hidden costs of IPV. Explicit costs typically include the many local program initiatives, shelters, and other support mechanisms that work to improve the population's general awareness of IPV along with the warning signs of potential violence that they may face in the future. Explicit costs also refer to health care and other support services that help victims and their families following specific IPV incidents as well as policing and associated court costs.

In addition to these explicit costs, however, are the hidden costs of IPV. Hidden costs refer to the harm imposed on the general well-being of IPV victims that arises from not being able to return to their normal lives either temporarily or permanently. This can include everything from the inability to return to their previous day-to-day activities to the loss of life itself. And while it is impossible to capture all of these hidden costs, this study specifically examines the losses to worker productivity associated with IPV incidents as a means to quantify the extent to which IPV victims are forced to temporarily or permanently adjust their working lifestyles. This estimate can therefore serve as a conservative measure of the hidden costs of IPV.

More specifically, this study estimates that these hidden costs—or the economic losses that arise directly from injury and loss of life resulting from IPV—total \$467.6 million annually in the state of Ohio. This is reported in Table 1 in the first two listed categories as the impacts associated with loss of life and lost worker productivity. The remaining categories reflect the various explicit costs associated with IPV across the state.

*The hidden costs of domestic violence refer to the harm to the general well-being of victims that arises from not being able to return to their normal lives either temporarily or permanently. A conservative estimate of these hidden costs totals \$467.6 million annually, which represents nearly 40 percent of the total cost of IPV in Ohio.*



**Table 1—The Economic Impact of Intimate Partner Violence in Ohio**

<b>Category</b>	<b>Annual Impact</b>	<b>Pct. of Total</b>
Loss of Life	\$239,884,572	20.8%
Lost Work Productivity	\$227,651,007	19.7%
Physical Health Care	\$264,811,815	22.9%
Mental Health Care	\$122,413,009	10.6%
Loss of Property	\$11,151,109	1.0%
Policing Costs	\$7,522,714	0.7%
Court Costs	\$69,454,809	6.0%
Incarceration	\$83,404,662	7.2%
Child Welfare	\$34,625,799	3.0%
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$75,136,608	6.5%
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$19,244,428	1.7%
<b>Total Impact</b>	<b>\$1,155,300,532</b>	<b>100%</b>

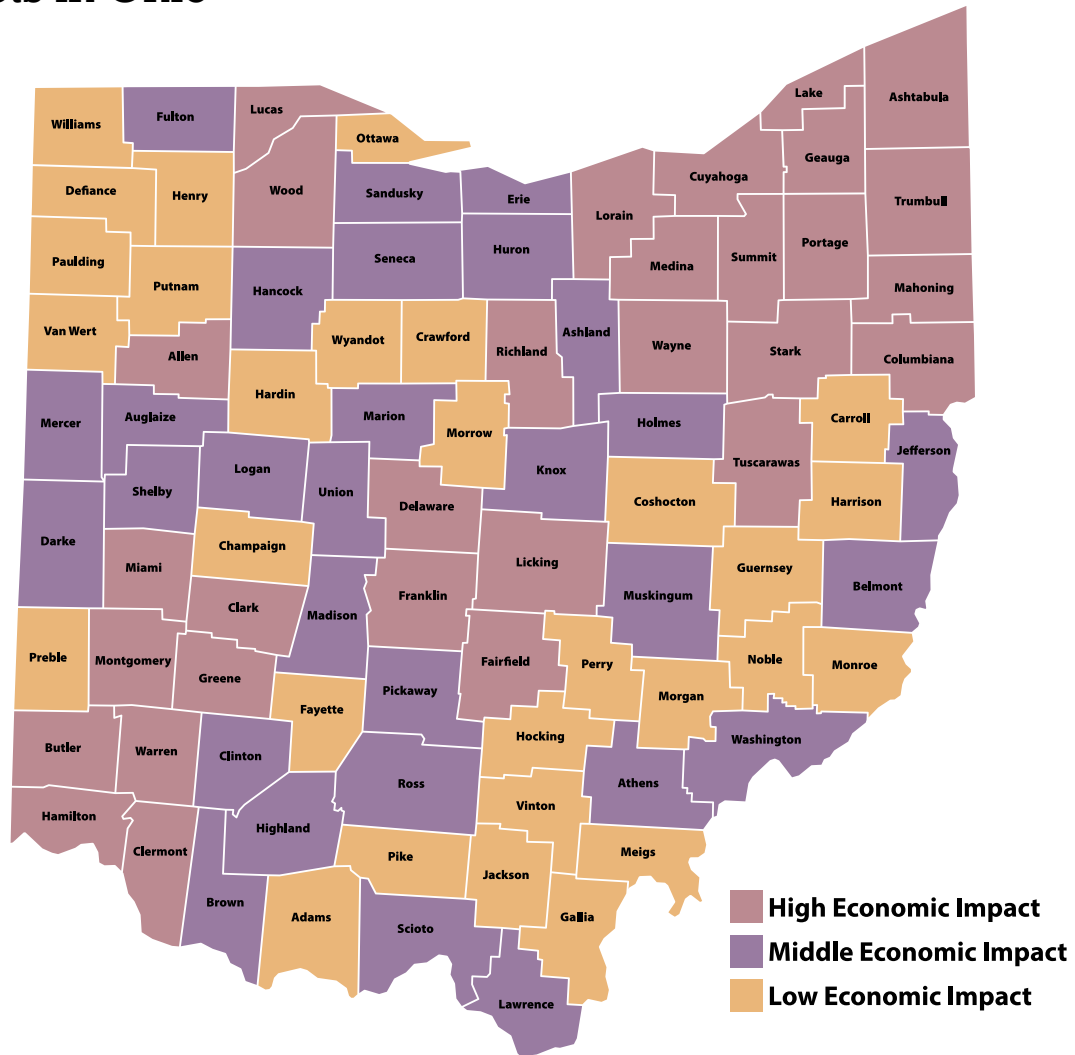
As shown in Table 1, the total economic impacts of IPV in Ohio resulting from loss of life and loss of worker productivity are \$239.9 million and \$227.7 million, respectively. The former represents the estimated loss in lifetime earnings due to a loss in life while the latter represents the loss in wages due to a victim’s temporary absence from the workplace for the purposes of recovery and rehabilitation. Estimates for both the loss of life and loss of worker productivity also include the economic multiplier effects as outlined in Section III. The single largest economic loss reported in Table 1 is the loss that arises due to the costs associated with the physical health care needs of victims. This represents approximately 22.9 percent of the total economic losses resulting from IPV in Ohio.

This analysis also deviates from the aforementioned previous research on IPV through the inclusion of additional costs associated with losses to child welfare that can occur for children who are witness to or victims of IPV. This represents a significant public health concern, with exposure (either directly or indirectly) to IPV often leading to long-term health challenges that can, in turn, also result in limited educational attainment and employment outcomes later in life. More specifically, when an individual child exposed to domestic violence reaches the age of 65, the average

economic loss across resulting from all of these factors is estimated to exceed \$50,000.

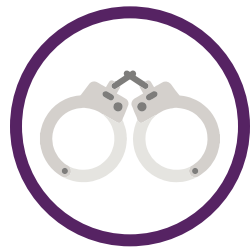
The results shown in Table 1 can also be broken down at the county level into high-, medium-, and low-impact categories, as illustrated in Figure 2. Notice that the counties with the highest costs of intimate partner violence in Ohio are those with the highest populations.

**Figure 2—Distribution of Intimate Partner Violence Economic Impacts in Ohio**



As this study has shown, the economic impact of intimate partner violence on the state of Ohio is significant, totaling approximately \$1.2 billion annually. The work of the many violence prevention programs in Ohio as well as the Ohio Domestic Violence Network is critical for minimizing the number of victims of intimate partner violence as well as the economic costs that such violence incurs.

# The Many Costs of Intimate Partner Violence in Ohio



**\$83.4 million**  
Incarceration



**\$239.9 million**  
Loss of Life



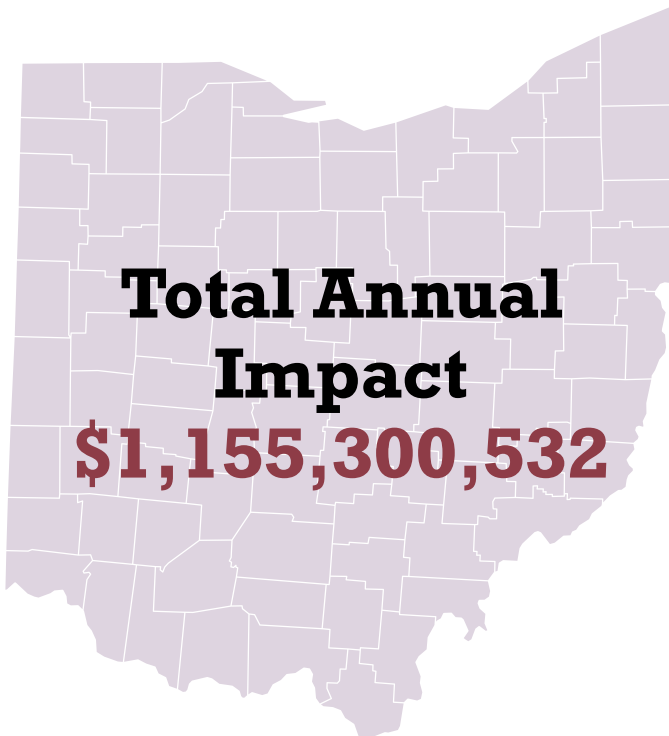
**\$227.7 million**  
Loss Work  
Productivity



**\$264.8 million**  
Physical Health Care



**\$69.5 million**  
Court Costs



**\$122.4 million**  
Mental Health Care



**\$7.5 million**  
Policing Costs



**\$34.6 million**  
Child Welfare



**\$19.2 million**  
Volunteer  
Opportunity Costs



**\$75.1 million**  
Programs, Shelters,  
and Centers



**\$11.2 million**  
Loss of Property



# Appendix A: ODVN Member Organizations

Organization	Counties Served
A.L.I.V.E., Inc.	Jefferson
Alliance Area DV Shelter	Stark
Alternatives to Violence Center	Clinton, Highland
Artemis Center	Montgomery
Asha Ray of Hope	Franklin, Montgomery, Hamilton, Licking, Delaware, Butler, Brown, Fairfield, Fayette, Union, Lucas, Cuyahoga, Greene, Highland, Summit, Muskingum, Crawford, Logan
Asian American Community Services	Franklin
Asian Services in Action, Inc.–Ahimsa	Cuyahoga, Summit, Stark, Lorain, Medina, Geauga, Lake
Auglaize County Crisis Center	Auglaize
Beloved Advocacy Center	Statewide
Bethany House	Lucas, Erie, Fulton, Hancock, Henry, Ottawa, Sandusky, Wood
BRAVO	Statewide
Casa de Paz	Hamilton, Butler, Warren, Clermont
CHOICES	Franklin
Christina House Domestic Violence Program	Columbiana
Crime Victim Services	Allen, Putnam
Crossroads Crisis Center, Inc.	Allen
DeafPhoenix	Statewide
Domestic Violence Project, Inc.	Stark
DWAVE	Statewide
Ethiopian Tewahedo Social Services (ETSS)	Franklin, Licking, Delaware
EVE, Inc.	Washington, Morgan, Athens, Noble, Monroe
Family Abuse Shelter of Miami County	Miami
Family and Child Abuse Prevention Center Domestic Violence Court Advocacy	Lucas, Ottawa



<b>Organization</b>	<b>Counties Served</b>
Family Crisis Network	Mercer
First Step	Seneca, Sandusky, Wood, Wyandot
First Step Family Violence Intervention Services, Inc.	Coshocton
Forbes House	Lake
Harbor House Domestic Violence Shelter	Tuscarawas, Carroll
Haven House of Pickaway County, Inc.	Pickaway
Haven of Hope	Guernsey, Noble
Homesafe, Inc.	Ashtabula
Hope and Healing Survivor Resource Center	Summit, Medina
Jewish Family Service Association of Cleveland	Cuyahoga
Journey Center for Safety and Healing	Cuyahoga
Lorain County Safe Harbor	Lorain
My Sister's Place	Athens, Hocking, Vinton
New Choices, Inc.	Shelby
New Directions Domestic Violence and Rape Crisis Center	Knox
OneEighty	Holmes, Wayne
Open Arms Domestic Violence and Rape Crisis Services	Hancock
Peace House	Fayette, Highland, Clinton, Ross
Project Woman	Clark, Champaign, Madison
Rape Crisis Domestic Violence Safe Haven	Ashland
ROSE House—Ross County Community Action's Domestic Violence Services	Ross
Safe Harbour Domestic Violence Shelter, Inc.	Erie, Huron, Ottawa
SAFE on Main	Warren
Safer Futures	Portage
Sarah's Friends	Williams
Shelter From Violence, Inc.	Darke
Shepherd's House	Vinton



Organization	Counties Served
Sojourner House Domestic Violence Program	Mahoning
Someplace Safe	Trumbull
Soteria House	Logan, Champaign
Southern Ohio Task Force on Domestic Violence	Scioto
Soy Latina Victim Services	Statewide
Square One	Gallia, Meigs, Jackson, Lawrence
Survivor Advocacy Outreach Program	Athens, Hocking, Morgan, Perry, Vinton
The Center for Child and Family Advocacy, Inc.	Defiance, Henry, Fulton, Paulding, Williams
The Center for Family Safety and Healing	Franklin, Delaware, Fairfield, Madison, Licking, Logan, Union, Knox, Perry, Fayette, Pickaway, Ross, Muskingum, Champaign, Jackson
The Center for New Beginnings	Licking
The Cocoon	Wood
The Domestic Violence Shelter, Inc.	Richland
The Lighthouse	Fairfield
Transitions, Inc.	Muskingum, Morgan, Perry
Tri-County Help Center, Inc.	Belmont, Harrison, Monroe
Turning Point	Crawford, Delaware, Marion, Morrow, Union, Wyandot
Violence Free Futures	Greene
Women Helping Women	Adams, Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton
WomenSafe, Inc.	Geauga, Lake
YWCA Dayton	Montgomery
YWCA Dayton	Preble
YWCA Greater Cincinnati	Adams, Brown, Clermont, Hamilton
YWCA Hamilton Dove House	Butler
YWCA of Northwest Ohio	Lucas
YWCA of Van Wert County	Van Wert, Paulding





## Appendix B: The Economic Impact of Intimate Partner Violence on Ohio by County

County	Adams	Allen	Ashland	Ashtabula
Loss of Life	\$560,148	\$2,052,402	\$1,062,247	\$1,971,131
Lost Work Productivity	\$531,581	\$1,947,735	\$1,008,075	\$1,870,608
Physical Health Care	\$618,355	\$2,265,675	\$1,172,629	\$2,175,958
Mental Health Care	\$285,843	\$1,047,340	\$542,064	\$1,005,867
Loss of Property	\$26,039	\$95,407	\$49,379	\$91,629
Policing	\$17,566	\$64,363	\$33,312	\$61,814
Prosecutions and Court	\$162,182	\$594,241	\$307,557	\$570,710
Incarceration	\$194,756	\$713,593	\$369,329	\$685,336
Child Welfare	\$80,854	\$296,251	\$153,329	\$284,520
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$175,449	\$642,853	\$332,717	\$617,397
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$44,937	\$164,651	\$85,217	\$158,131
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,697,709</b>	<b>\$9,884,510</b>	<b>\$5,115,855</b>	<b>\$9,493,102</b>

County	Athens	Auglaize	Belmont	Brown
Loss of Life	\$1,276,284	\$937,277	\$1,321,306	\$891,013
Lost Work Productivity	\$1,211,197	\$889,478	\$1,253,922	\$845,574
Physical Health Care	\$1,408,907	\$1,034,673	\$1,458,608	\$983,602
Mental Health Care	\$651,287	\$478,292	\$674,262	\$454,684
Loss of Property	\$59,328	\$43,570	\$61,421	\$41,419
Policing	\$40,024	\$29,393	\$41,436	\$27,942
Prosecutions and Court	\$369,528	\$271,374	\$382,563	\$257,979
Incarceration	\$443,747	\$325,879	\$459,400	\$309,793
Child Welfare	\$184,223	\$135,290	\$190,722	\$128,612
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$399,758	\$293,574	\$413,859	\$279,083
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$102,388	\$75,192	\$106,000	\$71,480
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$6,146,672</b>	<b>\$4,513,990</b>	<b>\$6,363,500</b>	<b>\$4,291,182</b>



County	Butler	Carroll	Champaign	Clark
Loss of Life	\$7,999,785	\$544,618	\$790,630	\$2,739,779
Lost Work Productivity	\$7,591,815	\$516,844	\$750,310	\$2,600,057
Physical Health Care	\$8,831,071	\$601,211	\$872,787	\$3,024,479
Mental Health Care	\$4,082,288	\$277,918	\$403,458	\$1,398,108
Loss of Property	\$371,873	\$25,317	\$36,753	\$127,359
Policing	\$250,871	\$17,079	\$24,794	\$85,919
Prosecutions and Court	\$2,316,212	\$157,686	\$228,915	\$793,260
Incarceration	\$2,781,419	\$189,356	\$274,892	\$952,585
Child Welfare	\$1,154,718	\$78,612	\$114,122	\$395,470
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$2,505,692	\$170,585	\$247,641	\$858,153
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$641,772	\$43,691	\$63,427	\$219,795
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$38,527,515</b>	<b>\$2,622,917</b>	<b>\$3,807,729</b>	<b>\$13,194,965</b>

County	Clermont	Clinton	Columbiana	Coshocton
Loss of Life	\$4,314,364	\$853,583	\$2,039,050	\$750,412
Lost Work Productivity	\$4,094,341	\$810,053	\$1,935,064	\$712,142
Physical Health Care	\$4,762,685	\$942,282	\$2,250,935	\$828,390
Mental Health Care	\$2,201,618	\$435,583	\$1,040,527	\$382,935
Loss of Property	\$200,555	\$39,679	\$94,786	\$34,883
Policing	\$135,297	\$26,768	\$63,944	\$23,533
Prosecutions and Court	\$1,249,156	\$247,142	\$590,375	\$217,270
Incarceration	\$1,500,047	\$296,780	\$708,951	\$260,908
Child Welfare	\$622,751	\$123,209	\$294,324	\$108,317
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$1,351,344	\$267,359	\$638,671	\$235,044
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$346,114	\$68,478	\$163,580	\$60,201
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$20,778,272</b>	<b>\$4,110,916</b>	<b>\$9,820,207</b>	<b>\$3,614,034</b>



County	Crawford	Cuyahoga	Darke	Defiance
Loss of Life	\$845,259	\$25,097,609	\$1,046,473	\$779,843
Lost Work Productivity	\$802,153	\$23,817,688	\$993,105	\$740,073
Physical Health Care	\$933,093	\$27,705,589	\$1,155,216	\$860,879
Mental Health Care	\$431,335	\$12,807,301	\$534,015	\$397,954
Loss of Property	\$39,292	\$1,166,670	\$48,646	\$36,251
Policing	\$26,507	\$787,054	\$32,817	\$24,456
Prosecutions and Court	\$244,731	\$7,266,618	\$302,990	\$225,791
Incarceration	\$293,885	\$8,726,103	\$363,845	\$271,141
Child Welfare	\$122,008	\$3,622,679	\$151,052	\$112,565
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$264,752	\$7,861,069	\$327,776	\$244,262
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$67,810	\$2,013,423	\$83,952	\$62,562
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$4,070,825</b>	<b>\$120,871,804</b>	<b>\$5,039,887</b>	<b>\$3,755,777</b>

County	Delaware	Erie	Fairfield	Fayette
Loss of Life	\$4,714,594	\$1,506,869	\$3,365,648	\$586,526
Lost Work Productivity	\$4,474,161	\$1,430,022	\$3,194,008	\$556,614
Physical Health Care	\$5,204,504	\$1,663,452	\$3,715,385	\$647,474
Mental Health Care	\$2,405,856	\$768,954	\$1,717,489	\$299,304
Loss of Property	\$219,159	\$70,047	\$156,453	\$27,265
Policing	\$147,848	\$47,255	\$105,546	\$18,393
Prosecutions and Court	\$1,365,037	\$436,290	\$974,471	\$169,819
Incarceration	\$1,639,201	\$523,918	\$1,170,191	\$203,927
Child Welfare	\$680,521	\$217,507	\$485,810	\$84,661
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$1,476,705	\$471,981	\$1,054,188	\$183,711
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$378,222	\$120,887	\$270,005	\$47,053
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$22,705,809</b>	<b>\$7,257,182</b>	<b>\$16,209,193</b>	<b>\$2,824,748</b>



County	Franklin	Fulton	Gallia	Geauga
Loss of Life	\$26,989,972	\$854,988	\$589,965	\$1,941,863
Lost Work Productivity	\$25,613,545	\$811,385	\$559,879	\$1,842,832
Physical Health Care	\$29,794,594	\$943,833	\$651,271	\$2,143,648
Mental Health Care	\$13,772,973	\$436,300	\$301,059	\$990,932
Loss of Property	\$1,254,637	\$39,744	\$27,425	\$90,268
Policing	\$846,398	\$26,812	\$18,501	\$60,896
Prosecutions and Court	\$7,814,522	\$247,548	\$170,815	\$562,236
Incarceration	\$9,384,053	\$297,268	\$205,123	\$675,160
Child Welfare	\$3,895,829	\$123,412	\$85,158	\$280,295
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$8,453,795	\$267,799	\$184,789	\$608,230
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$2,165,235	\$68,590	\$47,329	\$155,783
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$129,985,554</b>	<b>\$4,117,680</b>	<b>\$2,841,314</b>	<b>\$9,352,144</b>

County	Greene	Guernsey	Hamilton	Hancock
Loss of Life	\$3,453,799	\$775,243	\$16,833,493	\$1,520,485
Lost Work Productivity	\$3,277,663	\$735,707	\$15,975,023	\$1,442,944
Physical Health Care	\$3,812,696	\$855,801	\$18,582,720	\$1,678,484
Mental Health Care	\$1,762,472	\$395,606	\$8,590,125	\$775,903
Loss of Property	\$160,551	\$36,037	\$782,510	\$70,680
Policing	\$108,310	\$24,311	\$527,894	\$47,682
Prosecutions and Court	\$999,993	\$224,459	\$4,873,873	\$440,233
Incarceration	\$1,200,840	\$269,542	\$5,852,781	\$528,652
Child Welfare	\$1,200,840	\$111,901	\$2,429,807	\$219,472
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$1,081,798	\$242,821	\$5,272,584	\$476,246
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$277,077	\$62,193	\$1,350,445	\$121,979
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$16,633,734</b>	<b>\$3,733,623</b>	<b>\$81,071,255</b>	<b>\$7,322,760</b>



County	Hardin	Harrison	Henry	Highland
Loss of Life	\$618,094	\$288,185	\$560,127	\$887,696
Lost Work Productivity	\$586,573	\$273,488	\$531,562	\$842,425
Physical Health Care	\$682,322	\$318,131	\$618,332	\$979,939
Mental Health Care	\$315,413	\$147,061	\$285,833	\$452,991
Loss of Property	\$28,732	\$13,396	\$26,038	\$41,265
Policing	\$19,383	\$9,037	\$17,565	\$27,838
Prosecutions and Court	\$178,959	\$83,439	\$162,176	\$257,018
Incarceration	\$214,903	\$100,198	\$194,749	\$308,640
Child Welfare	\$89,218	\$41,598	\$80,851	\$128,133
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$193,599	\$90,265	\$175,443	\$278,044
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$49,586	\$23,119	\$44,935	\$71,214
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,976,783</b>	<b>\$1,387,917</b>	<b>\$2,697,611</b>	<b>\$4,275,204</b>

County	Hocking	Holmes	Huron	Jackson
Loss of Life	\$560,534	\$903,409	\$1,184,551	\$663,645
Lost Work Productivity	\$531,948	\$857,337	\$1,124,142	\$629,801
Physical Health Care	\$618,781	\$997,285	\$1,307,642	\$732,607
Mental Health Care	\$286,040	\$461,009	\$604,476	\$338,658
Loss of Property	\$26,057	\$41,995	\$55,064	\$30,850
Policing	\$17,578	\$28,331	\$37,147	\$20,812
Prosecutions and Court	\$162,294	\$261,568	\$342,968	\$192,148
Incarceration	\$194,890	\$314,103	\$411,853	\$230,740
Child Welfare	\$80,910	\$130,401	\$170,982	\$95,793
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$175,570	\$282,966	\$371,025	\$207,867
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$44,968	\$72,475	\$95,029	\$53,240
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,699,572</b>	<b>\$4,350,878</b>	<b>\$5,704,879</b>	<b>\$3,196,160</b>



County	Jefferson	Knox	Lake	Lawrence
Loss of Life	\$1,303,151	\$1,288,781	\$4,714,676	\$1,142,196
Lost Work Productivity	\$1,236,693	\$1,223,056	\$4,474,238	\$1,083,946
Physical Health Care	\$1,438,566	\$1,422,703	\$5,204,594	\$1,260,885
Mental Health Care	\$664,997	\$657,665	\$2,405,897	\$582,862
Loss of Property	\$60,577	\$59,909	\$219,163	\$53,095
Policing	\$40,866	\$40,416	\$147,851	\$35,819
Prosecutions and Court	\$377,307	\$373,146	\$1,365,060	\$330,705
Incarceration	\$453,088	\$448,092	\$1,639,230	\$397,126
Child Welfare	\$188,101	\$186,027	\$680,533	\$164,869
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$408,173	\$403,672	\$1,476,730	\$357,758
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$104,544	\$103,391	\$378,229	\$91,631
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$6,276,063</b>	<b>\$6,206,858</b>	<b>\$22,706,202</b>	<b>\$5,500,892</b>

County	Licking	Logan	Lorain	Lucas
Loss of Life	\$3,728,774	\$937,419	\$6,470,569	\$8,660,072
Lost Work Productivity	\$3,538,615	\$889,613	\$6,140,585	\$8,218,428
Physical Health Care	\$4,116,244	\$1,034,830	\$7,142,948	\$9,559,970
Mental Health Care	\$1,902,792	\$478,365	\$3,301,929	\$4,419,232
Loss of Property	\$173,333	\$43,576	\$300,786	\$402,566
Policing	\$116,933	\$29,397	\$202,915	\$271,577
Prosecutions and Court	\$1,079,608	\$271,415	\$1,873,452	\$2,507,388
Incarceration	\$1,296,445	\$325,928	\$2,249,730	\$3,010,991
Child Welfare	\$538,225	\$135,310	\$933,985	\$1,250,026
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$1,167,926	\$293,618	\$2,026,711	\$2,712,506
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$299,136	\$75,203	\$519,093	\$694,743
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$17,958,033</b>	<b>\$4,514,676</b>	<b>\$31,162,703</b>	<b>\$41,707,501</b>



County	Madison	Mahoning	Marion	Medina
Loss of Life	\$907,805	\$4,591,659	\$1,319,942	\$3,745,892
Lost Work Productivity	\$861,509	\$4,357,495	\$1,252,628	\$3,554,860
Physical Health Care	\$1,002,138	\$5,068,795	\$1,457,102	\$4,135,140
Mental Health Care	\$463,253	\$2,343,122	\$673,566	\$1,911,527
Loss of Property	\$42,200	\$213,445	\$61,358	\$174,129
Policing	\$28,469	\$143,993	\$41,393	\$117,470
Prosecutions and Court	\$262,841	\$1,329,443	\$382,169	\$1,084,564
Incarceration	\$315,632	\$1,596,459	\$458,926	\$1,302,397
Child Welfare	\$131,036	\$662,777	\$190,525	\$540,695
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$284,343	\$1,438,199	\$413,432	\$1,173,288
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$72,827	\$368,360	\$105,891	\$300,509
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$4,372,051</b>	<b>\$22,113,746</b>	<b>\$6,356,933</b>	<b>\$18,040,471</b>

County	Meigs	Mercer	Miami	Monroe
Loss of Life	\$443,034	\$863,781	\$2,256,710	\$267,709
Lost Work Productivity	\$420,440	\$819,730	\$2,141,623	\$254,057
Physical Health Care	\$489,071	\$953,539	\$2,491,213	\$295,528
Mental Health Care	\$226,080	\$440,787	\$1,151,598	\$136,612
Loss of Property	\$20,595	\$40,153	\$104,904	\$12,445
Policing	\$13,893	\$27,088	\$70,770	\$8,395
Prosecutions and Court	\$128,273	\$250,094	\$653,395	\$77,511
Incarceration	\$154,037	\$300,325	\$784,628	\$93,079
Child Welfare	\$63,949	\$124,681	\$325,742	\$38,642
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$138,767	\$270,553	\$706,846	\$83,852
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$35,542	\$69,296	\$181,042	\$21,477
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,133,681</b>	<b>\$4,160,026</b>	<b>\$10,868,472</b>	<b>\$1,289,305</b>





County	Montgomery	Morgan	Morrow	Muskingum
Loss of Life	\$10,864,596	\$277,743	\$724,481	\$1,756,605
Lost Work Productivity	\$10,310,527	\$263,579	\$687,535	\$1,667,023
Physical Health Care	\$11,993,574	\$306,605	\$799,765	\$1,939,140
Mental Health Care	\$5,544,199	\$141,732	\$369,703	\$896,395
Loss of Property	\$505,044	\$12,911	\$33,678	\$81,656
Policing	\$340,711	\$8,710	\$22,720	\$55,087
Prosecutions and Court	\$3,145,673	\$80,416	\$209,762	\$508,598
Incarceration	\$3,777,475	\$96,568	\$251,893	\$610,748
Child Welfare	\$1,568,235	\$40,090	\$104,574	\$253,555
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$3,403,007	\$86,995	\$226,922	\$550,204
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$871,598	\$22,282	\$58,121	\$140,921
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$52,324,640</b>	<b>\$1,337,631</b>	<b>\$3,489,152</b>	<b>\$8,459,932</b>

County	Noble	Ottawa	Paulding	Perry
Loss of Life	\$291,278	\$810,129	\$380,732	\$723,586
Lost Work Productivity	\$276,424	\$768,814	\$361,315	\$686,685
Physical Health Care	\$321,546	\$894,312	\$420,295	\$798,776
Mental Health Care	\$148,639	\$413,408	\$194,287	\$369,246
Loss of Property	\$13,540	\$37,659	\$17,698	\$33,636
Policing	\$9,134	\$25,405	\$11,940	\$22,691
Prosecutions and Court	\$84,335	\$234,560	\$110,235	\$209,503
Incarceration	\$101,274	\$281,671	\$132,375	\$251,581
Child Welfare	\$42,044	\$116,937	\$54,956	\$104,445
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$91,234	\$253,748	\$119,253	\$226,641
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$23,367	\$64,992	\$30,544	\$58,049
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,402,817</b>	<b>\$3,901,636</b>	<b>\$1,833,631</b>	<b>\$3,484,839</b>





County	Pickaway	Pike	Portage	Preble
Loss of Life	\$1,243,312	\$549,564	\$3,310,796	\$825,455
Lost Work Productivity	\$1,179,905	\$521,537	\$3,141,953	\$783,359
Physical Health Care	\$1,372,508	\$606,671	\$3,654,832	\$911,231
Mental Health Care	\$634,461	\$280,442	\$1,689,498	\$421,229
Loss of Property	\$57,796	\$25,547	\$153,903	\$38,372
Policing	\$38,990	\$17,234	\$103,826	\$25,886
Prosecutions and Court	\$359,981	\$159,118	\$958,589	\$238,998
Incarceration	\$432,283	\$191,076	\$1,151,119	\$287,000
Child Welfare	\$179,464	\$79,326	\$477,892	\$119,149
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$389,430	\$172,134	\$1,037,007	\$258,549
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$99,743	\$44,088	\$265,604	\$66,221
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$5,987,874</b>	<b>\$2,646,737</b>	<b>\$15,945,019</b>	<b>\$3,975,448</b>

County	Putnam	Richland	Ross	Sandusky
Loss of Life	\$696,068	\$2,545,485	\$1,557,060	\$1,194,931
Lost Work Productivity	\$660,570	\$2,415,671	\$1,477,654	\$1,252,628
Physical Health Care	\$768,399	\$2,809,996	\$5,068,795	\$1,319,101
Mental Health Care	\$355,203	\$1,298,960	\$794,567	\$609,773
Loss of Property	\$32,357	\$118,328	\$72,380	\$55,547
Policing	\$21,829	\$79,826	\$48,829	\$37,473
Prosecutions and Court	\$201,536	\$737,005	\$450,822	\$345,974
Incarceration	\$242,014	\$885,031	\$541,369	\$415,462
Child Welfare	\$100,473	\$367,424	\$224,752	\$172,481
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$218,022	\$797,297	\$487,702	\$374,276
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$55,841	\$204,208	\$124,913	\$95,862
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,352,311</b>	<b>\$12,259,232</b>	<b>\$7,498,908</b>	<b>\$5,754,871</b>



County	Scioto	Seneca	Shelby	Stark
Loss of Life	\$1,464,818	\$1,109,813	\$972,183	\$7,586,061
Lost Work Productivity	\$1,390,116	\$1,053,215	\$922,604	\$7,199,189
Physical Health Care	\$1,617,033	\$1,225,138	\$1,073,206	\$8,374,355
Mental Health Care	\$747,496	\$566,337	\$496,105	\$3,871,164
Loss of Property	\$68,093	\$51,590	\$45,192	\$352,640
Policing	\$45,936	\$34,803	\$30,487	\$237,897
Prosecutions and Court	\$424,115	\$321,329	\$281,480	\$2,196,425
Incarceration	\$509,298	\$385,867	\$338,015	\$2,637,572
Child Welfare	\$211,437	\$160,194	\$140,328	\$1,094,999
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$458,810	\$347,616	\$304,507	\$2,376,105
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$117,513	\$89,033	\$77,992	\$608,582
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$7,054,665</b>	<b>\$5,344,936</b>	<b>\$4,682,100</b>	<b>\$36,534,988</b>

County	Summit	Trumbull	Tuscarawas	Union
Loss of Life	\$267,709	\$4,078,284	\$1,869,954	\$1,417,354
Lost Work Productivity	\$10,347,941	\$3,870,301	\$1,774,591	\$1,345,072
Physical Health Care	\$12,037,096	\$4,502,073	\$2,064,267	\$1,564,636
Mental Health Care	\$5,564,318	\$2,081,147	\$954,237	\$723,275
Loss of Property	\$506,877	\$189,580	\$86,925	\$65,886
Policing	\$341,947	\$127,894	\$58,641	\$44,448
Prosecutions and Court	\$3,157,088	\$1,180,803	\$541,416	\$410,373
Incarceration	\$3,791,182	\$1,417,965	\$650,158	\$492,795
Child Welfare	\$1,573,925	\$588,674	\$269,916	\$204,586
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$3,415,356	\$1,277,400	\$585,707	\$443,943
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$874,761	\$871,598	\$150,015	\$113,705
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$52,514,512</b>	<b>\$19,641,296</b>	<b>\$9,005,826</b>	<b>\$6,826,074</b>



County	Van Wert	Vinton	Warren	Washington
Loss of Life	\$584,226	\$253,889	\$5,132,085	\$1,192,245
Lost Work Productivity	\$554,432	\$240,941	\$4,870,360	\$1,131,443
Physical Health Care	\$1,939,140	\$280,272	\$5,665,377	\$1,316,135
Mental Health Care	\$298,130	\$129,560	\$2,618,901	\$608,402
Loss of Property	\$27,158	\$11,802	\$238,567	\$55,422
Policing	\$18,321	\$7,962	\$160,941	\$37,388
Prosecutions and Court	\$169,153	\$73,510	\$1,485,914	\$345,196
Incarceration	\$203,127	\$88,274	\$1,784,357	\$414,528
Child Welfare	\$84,329	\$36,647	\$740,783	\$172,093
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$182,991	\$79,523	\$1,607,471	\$373,435
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$46,869	\$20,368	\$411,715	\$95,646
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,813,671</b>	<b>\$1,222,747</b>	<b>\$24,716,471</b>	<b>\$5,741,932</b>

County	Wayne	Williams	Wood	Wyandot
Loss of Life	\$2,371,382	\$744,754	\$2,699,887	\$436,724
Lost Work Productivity	\$2,250,447	\$706,773	\$2,562,199	\$414,452
Physical Health Care	\$2,617,800	\$822,143	\$2,980,441	\$482,106
Mental Health Care	\$1,210,115	\$380,047	\$1,377,751	\$222,860
Loss of Property	\$110,234	\$34,620	\$125,505	\$20,301
Policing	\$74,366	\$23,355	\$84,668	\$13,696
Prosecutions and Court	\$686,596	\$215,632	\$781,710	\$126,447
Incarceration	\$824,498	\$258,941	\$938,715	\$151,843
Child Welfare	\$342,294	\$107,500	\$389,711	\$63,038
Programs, Shelters, and Centers	\$742,764	\$233,272	\$845,658	\$136,791
Volunteer Opportunity Costs	\$190,241	\$59,747	\$216,595	\$35,036
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$11,420,737</b>	<b>\$3,586,784</b>	<b>\$13,002,839</b>	<b>\$2,697,709</b>



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